

Year 1: What different groups do animals belong to?

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Interesting Book	Sticky Knowledge about animals
fish	A fish is a scaly skinned creature with a spine that swims in water and breathes using gills.		☐ The blue whale can produce the loudest sound of any animal.
amphibians	All amphibians begin their life in water with gills and tails. Examples are frogs and newts.		☐ Horses and cows sleep while standing up.
reptiles	Are animals that are cold-blooded. Most lay eggs and their skin is covered with hard, dry scales.		☐ Giant Arctic jellyfish have tentacles that can reach over 36 metres in length.
birds	Birds have feathers and wings. They lay eggs and are warm-blooded animals.		☐ Tigers can grow up to a length of 3 metres and weigh up to 300 kilograms when fully developed.
mammals	Mammals are also warm blooded animals. They breath air and have a backbone.		☐ There are about 400 million+ dogs in the entire world. The average life of a dog depending on the breed can vary from 10 to 14 years.
carnivore	A carnivore is a meat-eating animal that gets its food from killing other animals.		☐ Dolphins use whistling, clicking and other sounds to communicate with each other.
herbivore	A herbivore eats plants.		☐ Camels can survive up to six months without water or food due to the fatty tissues stored in their humps.
omnivore	An omnivore eats plants and meat.		☐ The cheetah is the fastest animal to roam the earth with top speeds of 113 km per hour.
tame	Domesticated animals that are not frightened of humans and do not try to hurt humans.		
wild	Living in the natural environment and not belonging to humans.		
nocturnal	Animals that are active during the night time.	Hella Peter	